## A Perfect Square

Find the smallest perfect square that begins with the digits 2023. $20232004=4498^{2}$

## Geometric Probability

A point $P$ is chosen at random in the interior of a square. Consider the triangle whose vertices are $P$ and the two corners on the base of the square. What is the probability that this triangle is acute?
$1-\pi / 4$


## Complete the "Nice" Grid

An $n \times n$ grid consisting of the integers $1,2, \ldots, n^{2}$ is said to be "nice" if every entry except 1 and 2 can be written as the sum of two distinct numbers from adjacent squares (two squares are adjacent if they share an edge or a vertex). Complete the following nice grid:

| 19 | 11 | 15 | 20 | 21 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 17 |
| 23 | 7 | 1 | 3 | 14 |
| 16 | 9 | 8 | 2 | 12 |
| 25 | 24 | 18 | 10 | 22 |

## Circle in a Parabola

Find the radius of the smallest circle that can be inscribed in the parabola $y=x^{2}$.
$r=1 / 2$


## Evaluate the Integral

This problem is from the Missouri MAA Collegiate Competition.
Evaluate the integral $\int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{d x}{e^{x+1}+e^{3-x}} \cdot \pi /\left(4 e^{2}\right)$

